

Validation of SST and SSS Gradients Using the Saildrone Baja and Gulf Stream Deployments 1. Baja 2. Gulf Stream J. Vazquez-Cuervo JPL/Caltech Marouan Bouali University of Sao Paulo Jose Gomez-Valdes CICESE **GHRSST XXI Meeting**



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Outline

- New co-location strategy developed for the derivation and comparison of SST and SSS gradients.
- Derivation of comparison statistics for two Saildrone Deployments
 - California/Baja 2018
 - Gulf Stream 2019
- Comparisons with SST gradients derived from GHRSST Level 4 data sets.
- Comparisons done with RSS SMAP Version 4.0 and JPL CAP Version 4.2



Co-location Methodology

- For every grid point of a Level 4 SST/SSS product, all Saildrone measurements inside that grid point are averaged
- The "average acquisition time" of Saildrone measurements is computed for each grid point and then
- Sorted to generate a collocated time series of Level 4 SST/SSS/Saildrone
- Gradients are then derived as differences between successive points of the time series and accounting for the distance in space between points





SST/SSS Gradients Baja Deployment











0.00 0.02 0.04 0.06 0.08 0.10





RSS40km SSS





-	-	Bias	RMSE	Correlation
CMC	SST	-0.074	0.417	0.975
	∇SST	-0.009	0.022	0.315
K10	SST	0.137	0.475	0.969
	∇ SST	-0.007	0.022	0.293
REMSS	SST	0.075	0.401	0.977
	∇SST	-0.007	0.023	0.243
OSTIA	SST	0.022	0.365	0.980
	∇SST	-0.008	0.022	0.306
DMI	SST	0.040	0.489	0.966
	∇SST	-0.008	0.023	0.255
MUR	SST	0.285	0.500	0.975
	∇SST	-0.003	0.021	0.395
JPLSMAP	SSS	0.141	0.414	0.429
	∇SSS	0.002	0.005	0.128
RSS v4	SSS	-0.170	0.336	0.464
	∇SSS	0.002	0.004	0.072



Taylor Diagram SST Gradients





JPLSMAP



Gulf Stream















-	-	Bias	RMSE	Correlation
CMC	SST	-0.350	1.310	0.962
	∇SST	-0.012	0.054	0.374
K10	SST	-0.688	1.928	0.917
	∇SST	-0.009	0.062	0.072
REMSS	SST	-0.085	0.962	0.977
	∇SST	-0.016	0.055	0.342
OSTIA	SST	-0.209	1.185	0.968
	∇SST	-0.012	0.053	0.371
DMI	SST	0.002	1.401	0.951
	VSST	-0.017	0.058	0.210
MUR	SST	-0.051	1.057	0.975
	∇SST	-0.010	0.054	0.321
JPLSMAP	SSS	-0.325	0.437	0.591
	VSSS	0.001	0.006	0.084
RSS v4	SSS	-0.151	0.457	0.932
	VSSS	0.001	0.007	0.140

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Cross-Correlations



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Conclusions

- Correlations between the GHRSST Level 4 SST products and Saildrone were above 0.90, indicative that, overall, the GHRSST L4 products are doing a good job at reproducing the SST values in the Baja/California coastal upwelling region and the Gulf Stream.
- However, correlations of SST gradients drop significantly with larger differences between the products. For the California/Baja deployment the MUR derived SST gradients showed the best correlation.
- For the Gulf Stream deployment SST showed clear relationships to major frontal features associated with the Gulf Stream. Correlations range from 0.3 to 0.4.
- A primary conclusion is that comparisons of SST gradients are critical for applications to coastal regimes, where mesoscale-submesoscale dominate. Statistical relationships that apply to correlations between SST and in-situ data do not necessarily apply to gradients. The Saildrone deployments provide an excellent platform for validating and the application of SST gradients.

Animation SST Gradients Baja

Animations Gulf Stream

MUR SST Date: 2018-01-30 00:00:00

IOUSP/JPL/CICESE

CMC SST Date: 2018-01-30 00:00:00

