



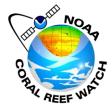
# Sea Surface Temperatures at STAR: The "O" in NOAA

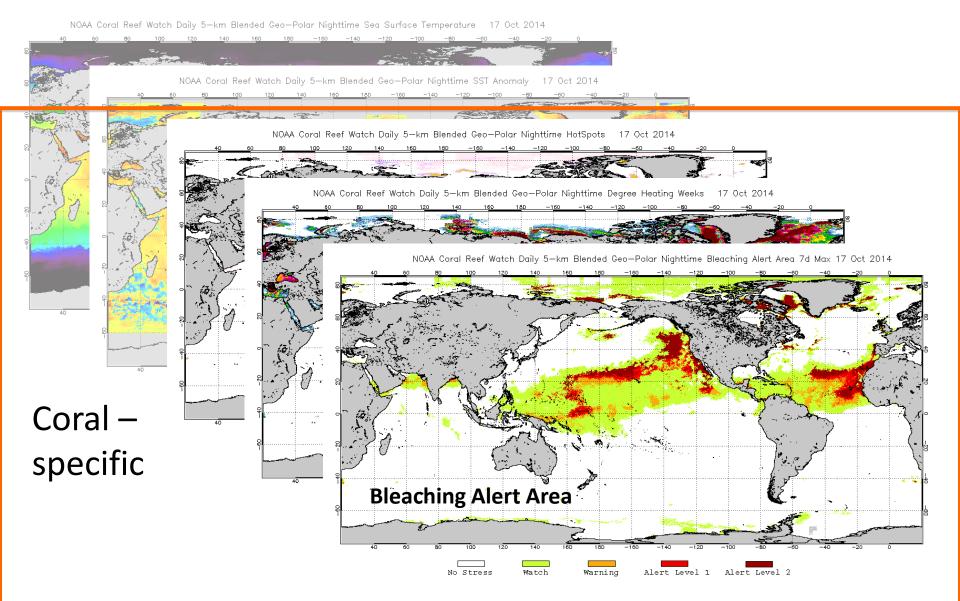
Paul M. DiGiacomo, Veronica P. Lance, Alexander Ignatov, Eileen Maturi NESDIS Center for Satellite Applications and Research (STAR)



## 17th Science Team Meeting, Tysons Corner, VA, USA 6-10 June 2016

## 2014: Coral Reef Watch Launched 5 km Global Products







### STAR Satellite Oceanography & Climatology Division (SOCD)



#### **SOCD Organization**

SOCD Chief: Dr. Paul M. DiGiacomo

#### Ocean Sensors Branch

Chief: Dr. Alexander (Sasha) Ignatov

•Sea Surface Temp, Ocean Winds, Ocean Optics & Water Quality (e.g. Chesapeake Bay)

#### Marine Ecosystems & Climate Branch

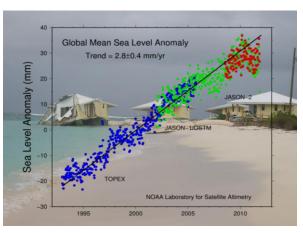
Chief: Dr. Menghua Wang

 Ocean Color, Coral Reefs, Sea Ice, Synthetic Aperture Radar, Blended SST

#### Laboratory for Satellite Altimetry

Chief: Dr. Laury Miller

Sea Level, Bathymetry, Waves, Sea Ice/Climate

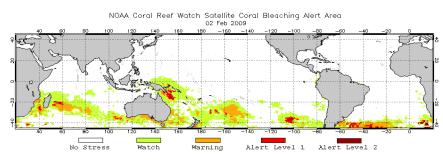


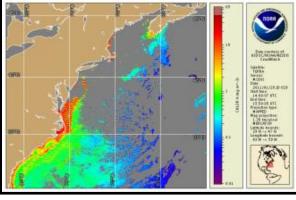
#### Major Programs/Activities

- JPSS: Ocean Color & SST EDRs
- GOES-R: SST (& Ocean Dynamics)
- JASON Satellite Radar Altimeter Program
- NOAA GCOM Program Scientist
- National Ice Center Chief Scientist
- Non-NOAA Sensors: Winds, SAR, SST etc.
- Marine Optical BuoY (MOBY)
- Coast/Ocean/PolarWatch & Coral Reef Watch

#### Science Teams: R&O

- Sea Surface Height
- Sea Surface Roughness
- Sea Surface Salinity
- Sea Surface Temperature
- Ocean Color Radiometry
- Ocean Surface Vector Winds
- CoastWatch/OceanWatch/PolarWatch
- Coral Reef Watch
- Sea Ice and Polar Dynamics









•NOAA STAR Measurement-Based Approach: providing multisensor data sets and derived products to users that are of highest quality and fit for their applications

•Advanced Clear-Sky Processor for Ocean (ACSPO): The NOAA enterprise processing system for polar-orbiting and geostationary satellite SST data products; NRT and time-series

•Analysis-level SST products for users: GHRSST L2P geostationary; Geo-Polar SST analysis products; NRT and time series; ocean heat content product suite





•Operational: Both near real time and long-term time series required for operational applications

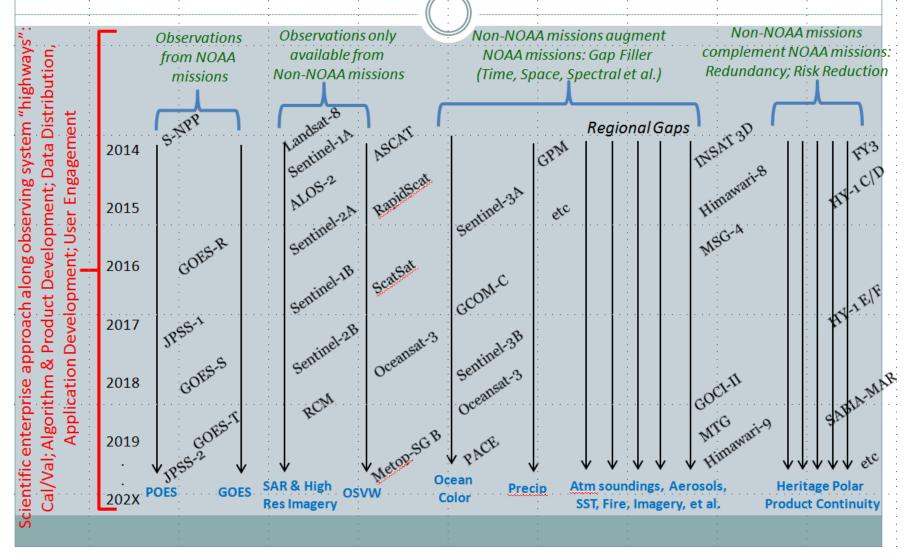
- **Science:** Essential at every step, not only product development
- •Requirements: Expected to evolve through iterative process of product development and user feedback

•Measurement-Based: Mission agnostic approach; users need fitfor-purpose observations and derived products for their applications

•Integrated: Fundamentally integrating non-NOAA observations, including enterprise algorithms and reprocessing

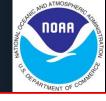
Measurement-based approach in support of users: Ensuring continuity & coverage *Observing System Highways*: Utilize satellite data from NOAA & non-NOAA missions Leverages existing science, technical, programmatic et al. infrastructure in NESDIS

NESDIS



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### ACSPO is the NOAA Enterprise SST system

Polar Products

- ✓ S-NPP VIIRS
- ✓ NOAA/19 and Metop-A/B AVHRR/3
- ✓ J1 (NOAA-20) will be launched in early 2017
  Future JPSS satellites: J2 (2021), J3 (2016), J4 (2031)

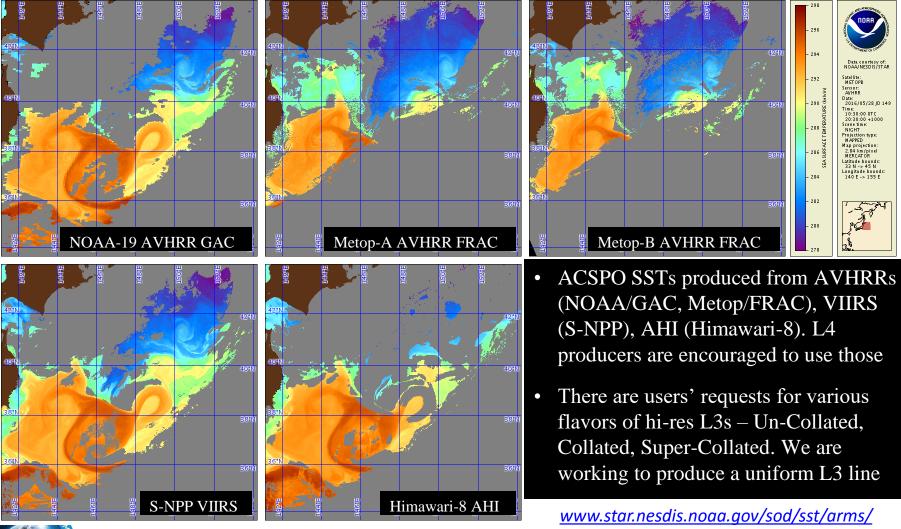
### **Geostationary Products**

- ✓ Himawari-8 AHI
- ✓ GOES-R will be launched in Oct'2016
  Future GOES satellites R series: GOES-S, -T, -U (launch schedule TBD)





## ACSPO SST, Kuroshio Current (28 May 2016)









Several ACSPO Reanalyses (RAN) are currently underway and several planned in near-future

Advanced/Completed RANs (under evaluation and archival)

- ✓ S-NPP VIIRS RAN1 (Mar'2012 Dec'2015)
- ✓ AVHRR GAC RAN1 (Jul'2002 Dec'2015)

RANs Planned/Underway

- ✓ AVHRR GAC RAN2 (1994 pr)
- ✓ Himawari-8 AHI (Mar'2015 pr) planned

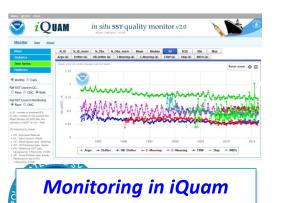


## iQuam – Match-ups – Validation in SQUAM



NESDIS

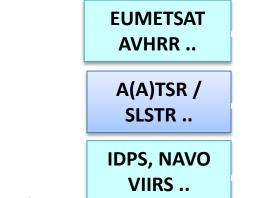


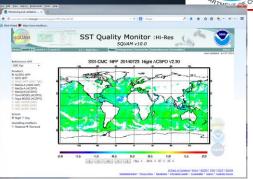






www.star.nesdis.noaa.gov/sod/sst/iquam/

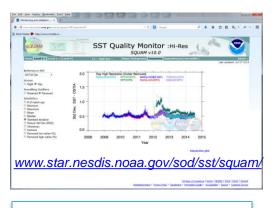




ND ATMOSA

NOAA

### Satellite-*i*Quam-L4 Match-Ups

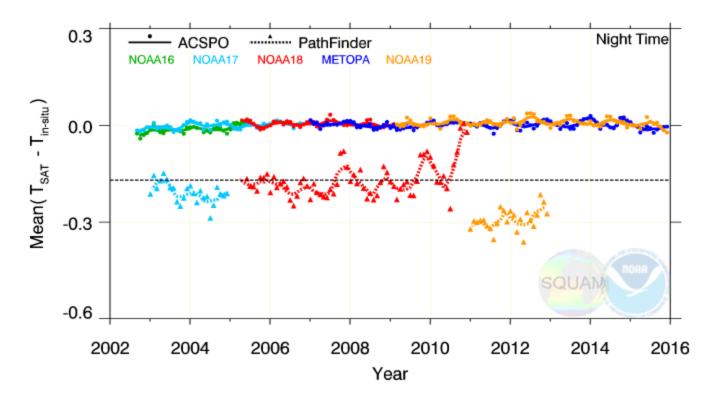


**Monitoring in SQUAM** 

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## ACSPO v2.41 0.02° L3U



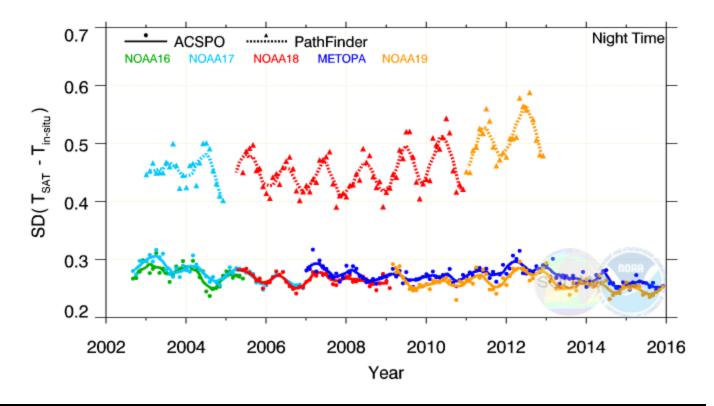
- RAN1 is produced from 2 satellites (whereas PFV5.2 from only one)
- RAN1 SST are more stable & cross-platform consistent than PFV5.2
- Note that PFV5.2 is a "skin product" and a -0.17 K bias is expected



NOAA



## ACSPO v2.41 0.02° L3U



- RAN1 SDs are smaller than PFV5.2
- RAN1 SDs are more stable in time & cross-platform consistent



NOAA





### **Analysis-level SST products for users**

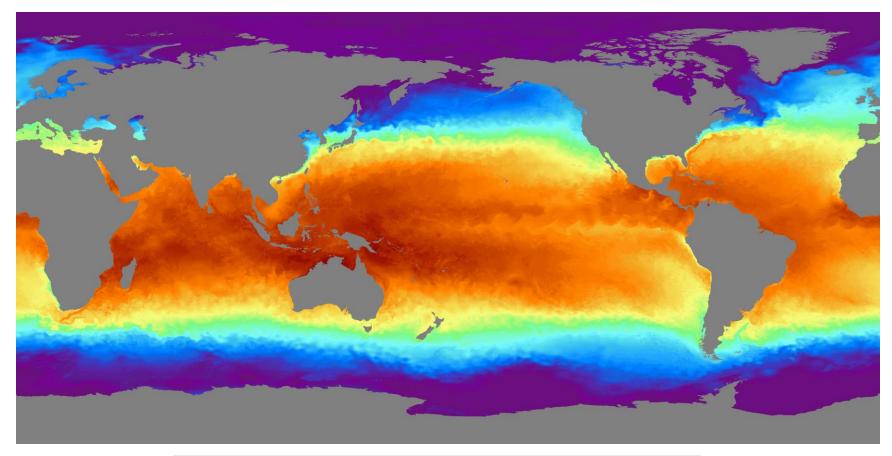
#### **GOES SST Products**

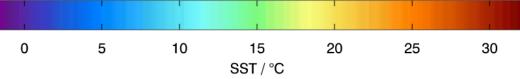
- GOES-East; GOES-West; Meteosat-10
- AMSR-2 SST
- Blended SST Products
  - 5-km Global SST Analysis
  - 5-km Global Nighttime
  - 5-km Global Diurnally Corrected SST Analysis
- Reprocessing (2002-2015):
  - Geostationary data (GOES, MSG, MTSAT)
  - Geo-Polar SST Nighttime Analysis
- All in GHRSST L2P & L4
- Oceanic Heat Content Products
  - North Atlantic; North Pacific; South Pacific



## 5-km Global Blended SST Analysis







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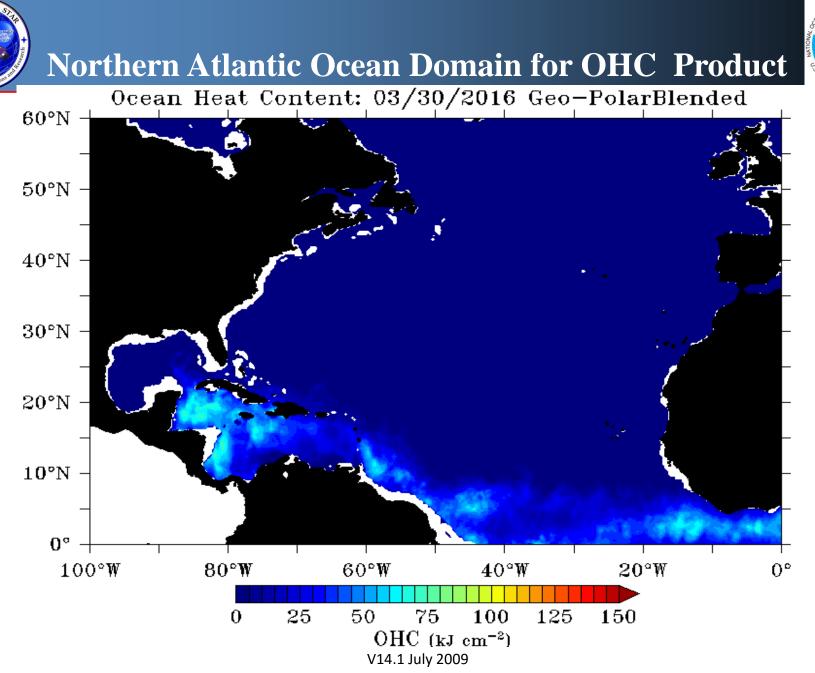


## **Ocean Basins**





- 1. Atlantic basin (North Atlantic Ocean, the Gulf of Mexico, and the Caribbean Sea)
- 2. Northeast Pacific basin (Mexico to the dateline)
- 3. Northwest Pacific basin (the dateline to Asia including the South China Sea)
- 4. North Indian basin (including the Bay of Bengal and the Arabian Sea)
- 5. Southwest Indian basin (from Africa to about 100E)
- 6. Southeast Indian/Australian basin (100E to 142E)
- 7. Australian/Southwest Pacific basin (142E to about 120W)



NESDI

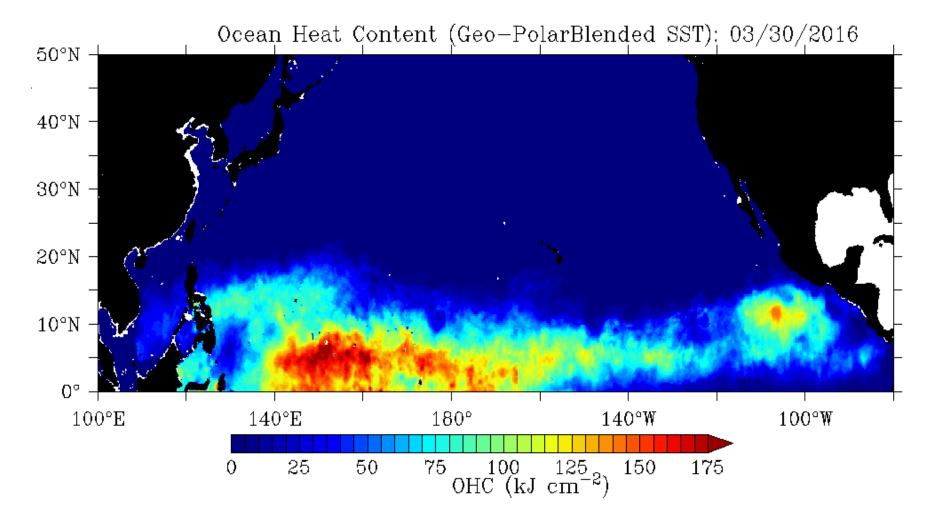
NOAA

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## Northern Pacific Ocean Domain for OHC Product

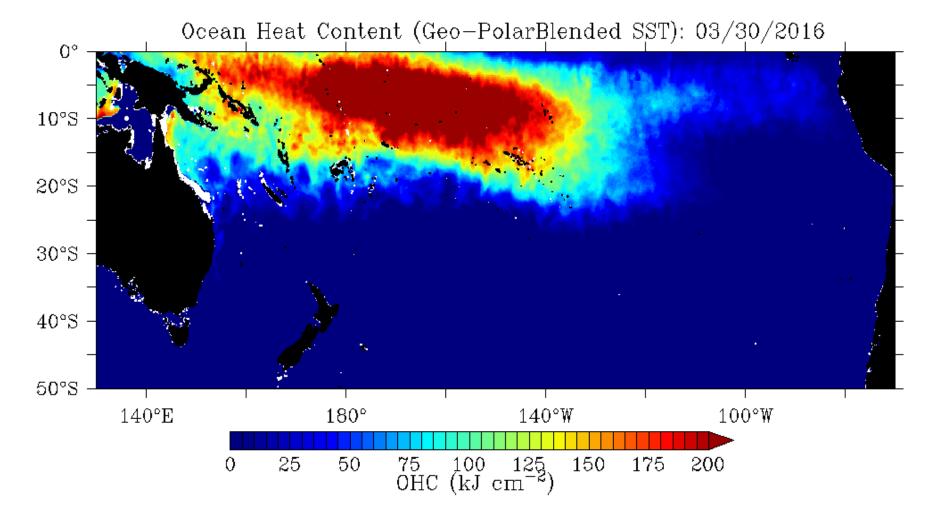
NESE











V14.1 July 2009 GHRSST 17th Science Team Meeting, Tysons Corner, VA, USA 6-10 June 2016





# GHRSST L2P Geostationary SST

- Powerful data sets for studying SST
  - Diurnal warming of the ocean surface
  - Evolution of mesoscale features such as fronts and eddies

# Geo-Polar SST Analysis products

- Temporal and increased data coverage for studying the
  - Oceanography Fisheries
  - Meteorology Ocean Heat Content for Hurricane Intensity
  - Climate Coral Reef Watch Improved Bleaching Products
- Reprocessing a very powerful tool for climatic studies



# **NOAA CoastWatch Program**



- Provides multi-sensor satellite data and products to users
- Covers regional (e.g., coastal U.S., Med Sea, Australia) and global
- Dedicated PolarWatch data portal forthcoming
- http://coastwatch.noaa.gov/

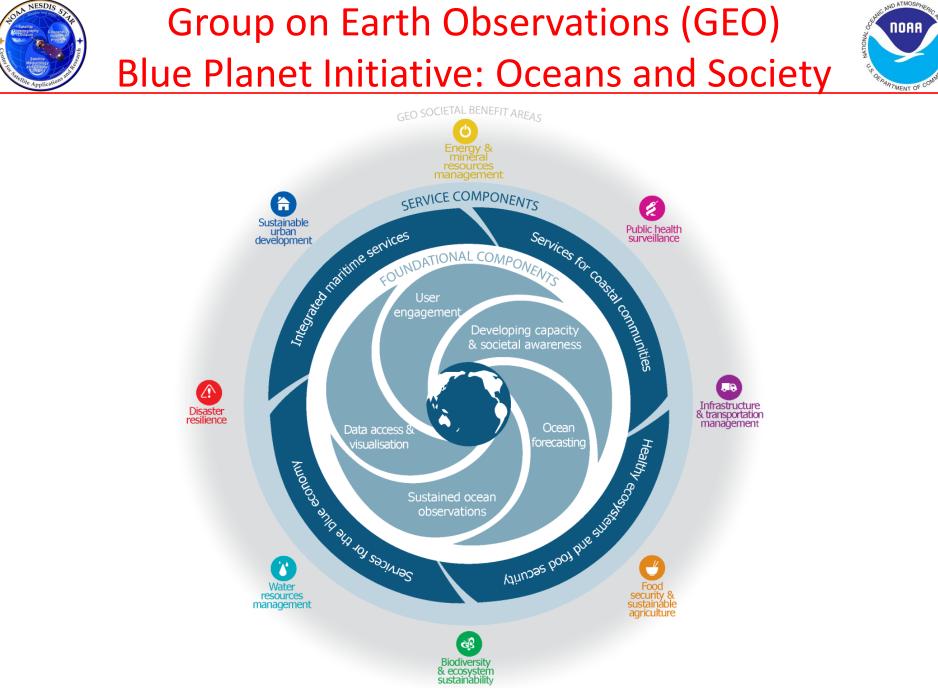




•ALL NOAA Line Offices have the need for consistent, fit-for-purpose quality, multi-sensor ocean satellite observations including SST in support of the NOAA Mission.

•STAR is committed to the development and production of measurement-based, fit-for-purpose, near real time and time series satellite SST data and derived products required by user communities:

- R&D and Operational: Underpinned by best science
- Domestic: Within and external to NOAA
- International partners and users
- Downstream users and stakeholders (i.e., Blue Planet Initiative)



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# New website - http://geoblueplanet.com/







# Thank you - Questions?

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